

COORDINATES (degrees, minutes, seconds)

LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		
29°46′45″ S	26°53′22″ E		

LOCATION

Knellpoort Dam is situated on the Rietspruit River near Wepener in the Free State, South Africa, in quaternary D23H.

DESCRIPTION

Knellpoort Dam was the first arch gravity Roller Compacted Concrete (RCC) dam in the world, and consists of almost 64 600 m 3 rollcrete and 14 200 m 3 concrete. It is an off-channel storage dam with a relatively small catchment area of only 798 km 2 and corresponding mean annual runoff (MAR) of approximately 20 million m 3 /a. The dam has a full supply level of 1 452.1 m, with a dead storage level of 1 428.6 m, and the bottom of reservoir is at 1 412.0 m.

PURPOSE

Welbedacht Dam has been the primary source of supply for the city of Bloemfontein, but due to siltation, it was no longer able to meet the demands at an acceptable assurance of supply. Knellpoort Dam was therefore constructed to augment supply to Bloemfontein via the Caledon Bloemfontein pipeline. The Tienfontein Pumping Station and canal are equipped with a silt trap to reduce siltation in the reservoir. However, the Bloemfontein demand is ever-increasing, and the pipeline is of limited capacity. This scheme, therefore, will be further augmented by a direct transfer from Knellpoort to the Modder River (Rustfontein Dam catchment) via the Novo Transfer Scheme, which is expected to have a maximum capacity of 150 million m³/a by the year 2030 (currently in the detailed design phase).

Water from the Caledon River is pumped to Knellpoort Dam from the Tienfontein Pumping Station via a 2 km-long canal which is equipped with a silt trap to reduce siltation in the main reservoir. The maximum capacity of this tunnel is 75.74 million m^3/a .

The Novo Transfer Scheme will be developed in stages, according to the Bloemfontein increasing demands, and is expected to reach a maximum transfer capacity of 150 million m³/a by the year 2030.





Knellpoort Dam.



PHYSICAL INFORMATION

Dam name	River	Quaternary catchment	FSC* (million m³)	SA (km²)	Owner	DWA code	Wall height (m)	Wall length (m)
Knellpoort	Rietspruit	D23H	136.15	9.8	DWA	D2R006	50	200

^{*} Live full supply capacity (SANCOLD)

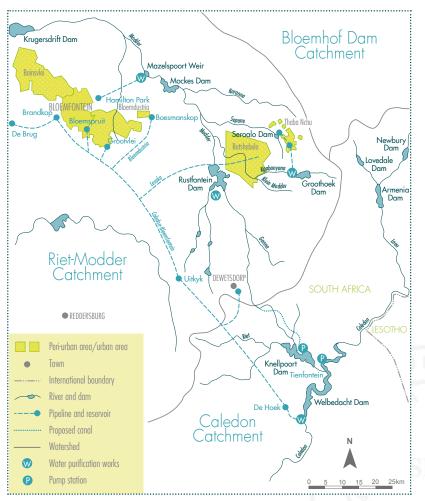
	Year of completion	Demand	s/abstractions (milli	1:50 yield (million	Maximum spillway capacity (m³/s)	
		Domestic	Irrigation	Other	m³/a)	capacity (m³/s)
	1988	Unknown	0.53	Unknown	Unknown	1 070

AREA-CAPACITY RELATIONSHIP

Elevation (m)	Storage (million m³)	Surface area (km²)
1 454.53	163.0	11.70
1 453.38	150.0	10.79
1 452.10	136.9	9.76
1 451.42	130.4	9.41
1 446.74	91.39	7.43
1 443.95	71.85	6.57
1 439.53	45.85	5.11
1 432.60	17.24	3.17
1 428.60	6.75	1.99
1 412.00	0.00	0.00

OPERATING RULE

Knellpoort Dam (along with Welbedacht Dam) supports the Modder system when there is insufficient water in the system, via the Caledon–Modder transfer.



Locality map (from map produced for ORASECOM Infrastructure Report, 2007)