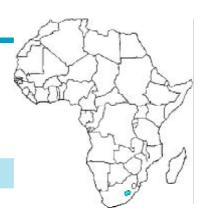
24.LESOTHO



24.1 Background

24.1.1 General

Area (in thousands): 30.0 km2 Population (in thousands) 2,153

Urban 602 Rural 1,551

English Growth Rate: 2.2 %/yr Main language

24.1.2 Water Resources

_- mm Renewable water resources 4.0 km3/yr Domestic : 22% Total water withdrawals : 0.05 km3/yr Industrial 22%

34 m3/cap/yr Agricultural : 56%

Total water use:

24.1.3 Health and Hygiene Education

Life expectancy : 56.0 yrs Infant Mort Rate: 93 infant deaths/1000 live births

School health/hygiene education policy : Yes

School curricula with health education : 100%

Child Mort. Rate: 130 child deaths/1000 live births

24.2 Coverage

24.2.1 Current Coverage (in thousands)

Water Supply	Population	Pop. With House Connection	Pop. With Public Waterpoint	Population Served	Population Unserved	% Pop. Served
Urban water	602	167	19	590	12	98
Rural water	1,551	-	-	1,365	186	88
Total water	2,153	167	19	1,955	198	91

Sanitation	Population	Pop. With Public Sewer	Pop. With Other System	Population Served	Population Unserved	% Pop. Served
Urban sanitation	602	NMF	NMF	560	42	93
Rural sanitation	1,551	NMF	NMF	1,427	124	92
Total sanitation	2,153	NMF	NMF	1,987	166	92

24.2.2 Operational Aspects

Operations	% of total
Water systems providing intermittent supply	0.1
Water systems using disinfection	100
Rural water systems functioning	-
Treatment of wastewater from public sewers	100

Average availability of water in urban areas: 24 hrs/day





24.2.3 Water Quality

National drinking water quality standards exist and are less strict than the WHO Guidelines. In general, drinking water quality is effective in urban systems and not effective in rural systems.

24.2.4 Population Projections (in thousands)

Population	1980	1990	2000	2010	2020	2030
Urban	-	346	602	-	-	-
Rural	-	1,376	1,551	-	-	-
Total	1,346	1,722	2,513	2,610	3,201	3,793

24.2.5 Coverage Trends (in thousands)^a

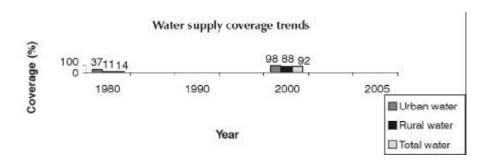
Year	Total Population	Population Served	Population Unserved	% Served
Urban water 1980 1990 2000	- 346 602	55 - 590	95 - 12	37 - 98
Rural water 1980 1990 2000	- 1,376 1,551	126 - 1,365	1,024 - 186	11 - 88
Total water 1980 1990 2000	1,346 1,722 2,513	181 - 1,955	1,119 - 198	14 - 91
Urban sanitation 1980 1990 2000	- 346 602	20 - 560	130 - 42	13 - 93
Rural sanitation 1980 1990 2000	- 1,376 1,551	162 - 1,427	988 - 124	14 - 92
Total sanitation 1980 1990 2000	1,346 1,722 2,513	182 - 1,987	1,118 - 166	14 - 92

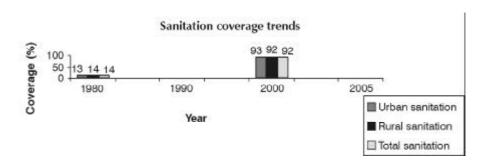
24.2.6 Coverage Targets (in thousands)

Target Area	Target Pop. (Yr 2005)	% Served
Urban water	NMF	NMF
Rural water	-	-
Urban sanitation (sewerage)	NMF	NMF
Urban sanitation (other)	NMF	NMF
Rural sanitation	NMF	NMF









24.3 Largest City: Maseru

Population (in thousands):	272 Urban	:	(%)	
	Informal settlements	:	<u>- (-</u> %)	
Growth Rate		:	2%	
Water Production		:	81 I/cap/day	
Metering of connections		:	97%	
Unaccounted for Water		:	32%	
Water Disinfection		:	11%	
Unacceptable Water Quality	Tests	:	9%	
Treatment of Wastewater from	n Public Sewers	:	%	

Water	Population Served (thousands)	Sanitation	Population Served (thousands)
House connections	²72	Public sewers	17
Yard taps		Septic tanks	13
Public standpipes	25	Wet latrines	-
Boreholes with handpumps	-	VIP latrines	161
Other	-	Simple pit latrines	53
Total served	97	Others	-
Total unserved	175	Total served	244
		Total unserved	29

^aPopulation served for house connection and yard taps





24.4 Costs and Investments

24.4.1 Costs and Tariffs (US\$/m3)

Average water production cost	0.46
Average water tariff	0.52
Average sewage tariff	0.50

24.4.2 User Charges (US\$/month)

Water Supply	Average Charge	Sanitation	Average Charge
House connections	NMF	Sewerage	NMF
Other public systems	0.25	On-site disposal	NMF

24.4.3 Construction Costs (US\$/capita)

Water Supply	Cost	Sanitation	Cost
Piped systems with houseconnections	40	Sewerage with house connections	100
Public standposts	-	Small bore sewers	-
Boreholes with handpumps	-	Septic tank	166
Protected dug wells	-	Wet latrines	-
Rainwater collection	-	VIP latrines	-
		Simple pit latrines	-

24.4.4 Sources of Investment (1000 US\$)

Service Area	National Funds	External Funds	Total
Urban water	1,577	6,356	7,933
Rural water	1,656	3,793	5,449
Urban sanitation	1,750	3,670	5,420
Rural sanitation	789	3,619	4,408
Total	5,772	17,438	23,210

Government allocation to sector over 1990-1999: _% of national development expenditure

24.5 Policy, Planning and Institutions

24.5.1 Water Supply and Sanitation Policy

There is no clear government policy on the water supply and sanitation sector. Policy guidance is obtained from the general political principles however there is a draft policy on the water sector. The document deals with mainly the areas of application taking into account the institutional, organizational and strategic role for the Ministry of Natural Resources, which is responsible for water affairs. The further guidance is to make water services available and affordable by all. Water supply and sanitation enjoys the highest priority in the country. The national steering committee on water supply and sanitation has agreed to start drafting a national policy on sanitation.

24.5.2 National Water Supply and Sanitation Plan: Yes (Year 1995)





24.5.3 Key Sector Institutions:

Urban Water

Water and Sewerage Authority

Rural Water

Department of Rural Water Supply

Urban Sanitation

Water and Sewerage Authority

Rural Sanitation

National Rural Sanitation Programme

24.5.4 External Support Organizations

Helvetas, Swiss Development Cooperation and KFW

24.6 Collaboration and Coordination

The collaborative mechanism in place is mainly through newsletters, annual reports and electronic media. This is a very effective tool for communication.

Lesotho expects to improve the coordination and collaboration amongst the different players within the overall water supply and sanitation sector.

24.7 New Approaches

Provision of water supply and sanitation services is in the hands of a para-statal company, the water and sewerage authority. Private sector participation is only limited to consultancies, construction but not management. It is under consideration just now.

Participation is promoted by the ministries which solicit community consensus and decisions on financial contributions and choice of material.

Box 1

Actions on Brazzaville Declaration

The Brazzaville Declaration was distributed to all ministries, NGOs and UN. The government considers the AFRICA 2000 Initiative as a component of the environmental health programme of the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare. Staff of the Environmental Health Division are mobilized to promote the initiative. Three regional model villages will be instituted in 1998

24.8 Major Constraints to Sector Development

- Inadequate cost-recovery framework
- Inadequate operation and maintenance
- logistics

24.9 Contact Person/Agency for Further Information

24.9.1 Country-Level WHO Contacts

1. Agency: WHO

Person : Dr. J. A. Kalilani

Address: P. O. Box 214, Maseru-100 Lesotho

Telephone No: 09266/312122 Fax No: 09266/310213 E-mail: Kalilani@lesoff.co.za : Who@lesoff.co.za

2. Agency: WHO

Person : Mr. V. H. Tolofi

Address: P. O. Box 214, Maseru-100 Lesotho

Telephone No: 09266/312122 Fax No: 09266/310213 E-mail: kalilani@lesoff.co.za : Who@lesoff.co.za





3. Agency : MOHHS/EHD Person : Mr. S. N. Theko

Address: Ministry of Health, P. O. Box 514, Maseru-100, Lesotho

Telephone No: 09266/316605 Fax No: 09266/323010

24.9..2 Government, Multilateral or Bilateral Agency Contacts

Agency: Urban Sanitation
Improvement Team (USIT)
Person: Mathato Pheko

Address : Private Bag A41 Maseru Telephone No : 324441 Address: P. O. Box 772 Maseru-100, Lesotho Telephone No: 317102

Person : S. L. Tan

Telephone No : 317102 Fax No : 313602

E-mail: Wateroff@lesoff.co.za

2. Agency: Department of Water Affairs

3. Agency : National Rural Sanitation

Programme (NRSP) Person : Palese Mofosi

Address: P. O. Box 514 Maseru-100 Lesotho

Telephone No: 316060 Fax No: 323010

Note: (-) = No data provided; NMF = No Meaningful Figure

^aSource: 1980 population data = UN World Population Prospects; 1980 service coverage = The International Drinking

Water Supply and Sanitation Decade (as at 31 December 1980).



