## Governance

Introduction
Definitions
Integrated Water Resources
Management
Transboundary Water

Southern African

Development Community
(SADC)

Management

water Governance in the Orange-Sengu River Basi ORASECOM Agreement ORASECOM Mandate, Structure and Functions ORASECOM Programmes Stakeholder Analysis

Strengthening ORASECOM
National Water Laws
Botswana
Lesotho

Namibia South Africa

➤ Stakeholders



Feedback

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comment
report a specific problem
with this page

Water Governance in the Orange-Senqu River Basin:

## **National Water Laws**

Effective water governance relies on appropriate laws and institutions—national, provincial and local—that require water to be managed in accordance with the principles of integrated water resource management. National laws and policies that identify the roles, responsibilities, and accountability of public and private sector actors provide a water management framework (GWP 2009a). National water laws and policies establish the rules governing the use of water resources and delineate decision making power for stakeholders involved in, or affected by, water management.

Harmonising the legislative frameworks of the Orange-Senqu riparian countries supports one of the strategic objectives of the SADC Regional Water Strategy (SADC 2007):

"To promote the harmonisation of Member State's national water policy, legislation and strategy with those of other Member States, the Regional Policy and Strategy and relevant international conventions and protocols."

The legislative and policy framework, and the respective institutions responsible for water management in each of the member countries, are summarised below, and detailed in the subsequent sections.

Table: Legal and Policy Frameworks of the Orange-Senqu River basin countries.

Г	Description Regional Botswana Lesotho Namibi					South Africa
ŀ	Description	Regional	Botswana	Lesotno	Namibia	South Africa
	Water Policy	Regional Water Policy, SADC, 2006		Lesotho Water and Sanitation Policy 2007	Namibia Water Supply and Sanitation Policy 2004	National Water Policy, 1997
	Water Law		Water Law [CAP 34:01] 1968	Water Resources Act 1978; Water Act 2008	Water Resources Management Act 2004	National Water Act No. 36, 1998
	IWRM Strategy	Regional Water Strategy, 2007	Under development	Lesotho National Water Resources Management Policy (NWRMP) 1999		National Water Resources Strategy
١	Environmental Protection and Management		National Policy on Natural Resources Conservation And Development, EIA Act, 6 of	Environmental Act 2001	Environmental Management Act No. 7 of 2007	National Environmental Management Act No. 107, 1998

Sources: SADC 2003

2005

The laws and institutions related to water management are currently in transition in the countries of the Orange-Senqu River basin (ORASECOM 2007a). Poor governance and inconsistent policy and legislative frameworks have been identified as a barrier to basin-wide integration (SADC 2007).

Within the Orange-Senqu basin, large differences exist between the national water laws (Hiddema and Erasmus 2007). In South Africa the water law is comprehensive and unified in one newly-developed Act, and supports decentralised water management. Namibia is currently in the process of combining multiple old water Acts and one new, integrated water bill (Kranz et al.). Lesotho and Botswana are also in the process of revising their water legislation.



Laws and Policies are in place to protect the natural resources of the basin.

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